

STRAND 1 CREATING & EXCUTION.

1.1 Indigenous Kenyan percussion instruments.

Classifying indigenous Kenyan percussion instruments.

- **Percussion instruments** are instruments that are played by hitting or shaking.
- There are two groups of percussion instruments:
 - ☆ **Non melodic percussion instruments**- these are instruments that do not produce different pitches.

Examples are:

- ✓ Drums.
- ✓ Shakers.
- ✓ Jingles.
- ✓ Bells.
- ✓ Kayamba.

- ☆ **Melodic percussion instrument**- these are instruments that can produce different pitches to make a tune or a melody.

Examples are:

- ✓ Marimba.
- ✓ Adongo.

- A percussion instrument can be identified by either listening to its sound or by looking at it.

Drums



Shakers



Kayamba



Jingles



Marimba



Parts of a percussion instrument.



Skin -it is hit to vibrate and produce sound.

Pegs -fix the skin on the resonator.

Resonator- makes the sound louder.

Laces -use for tuning.

Sling -for holding the drum while playing.

Tools and materials used for making a percussion instrument.

Percussion instruments can be made from locally available materials such as:

- Rattles.
- Shakers.
- Drums.
- Gourds.